

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY QUESTION BANK FOR BSC 1st YEAR STUDENTS

Short answer type (2 – 4 marks each)

1. With the help of kinetic gas equation, deduce Avogadro's law.
2. Define mean free path.
3. Define vapor pressure of a liquid.
4. Calculate the height to which water will rise in a glass capillary, if the radius of tube is 0.02 cm, and surface tension of water is 72.8 dynes/cm.
5. Define law of Rational indices.
6. Define the term peptisation.
7. Give Hardy-Schulze law.
8. With help of half-life method, determine the order of reaction.
9. Give one example of each auto catalysis & negative catalysis.
10. For Joule Thomson experiment, $\Delta H = 0$, prove it.
11. What is an ideal gas? Why do real gases deviate from ideal behavior?
12. Give Maxwell's law of distribution of molecular velocities.
13. Explain collision diameter & collision frequency.
14. Differentiate between crystalline & amorphous solids.
15. State first law of thermodynamics & give its mathematical form.
16. What is heat of neutralization? Why is heat of neutralization of strong acid & strong bases always 13.7 kcal?
17. Explain first & second order reaction with suitable examples.
18. Define critical temperature. What is its importance?
19. If a first order reaction is 20% completed in 1200 seconds. Calculate the time for 80% completion of the reaction.

20. Explain extensive & intensive properties.
21. Show that excluded volume of a gas is four-time volume of molecule of gas.
22. Write a note on effect of temperature on the surface tension & viscosity of liquid.
23. Derive Bragg equation for crystals.
24. Derive the relation: $C_p - C_v = R$
25. Write a note on classification of catalysis.
26. Describe a system as well as different type of systems.
27. State & Explain Collision number.
28. Describe the Ostwald Viscometer Method for determining viscosity of a liquid.
29. State & explain law of symmetry for crystals with diagrams.
30. Write a note on colloidal solution of liquid in liquid with two examples.
31. Describe Tyndall effect in colloids.
32. Describe the term heat & work in detail.
33. Write difference between rate constant & rate of reaction using suitable examples.
34. State & explain Hess's law of constant heat summation, with suitable examples.
35. Write all the postulates of kinetic theory of gases.
36. State & explain term internal energy.
37. Write the Ramsay-Shield's equation & explain it's significance.
38. Calculate R.M.S velocity of oxygen molecule at 27°C .
39. State & explain first law of thermodynamics.
40. Write a note on liquid crystals.
41. The half life period of a first order reaction is 150 seconds. Calculate the time required for 90% completion of reaction.
42. Write the law of "constancy of angles" for crystals.
43. Explain difference between liquid crystal, solid & liquid.

44. What is emulsion? How can it be prepared ?
45. Derive an expression for second order reaction.
46. Draw the NaCl crystal structure.
47. Calculate most probable velocity of oxygen gas at 27°C, $R = 8.31 \times 10^7 \text{ erg / K mol}$.
48. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $1.54 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec}^{-1}$. Calculate its half life time.
49. Explain fcc lattice by drawing the figure.
50. What do you understand by state function?
51. What is relation between RMS velocity & average velocity of gas molecules ?
52. What is difference between ideal gas & real gases ?
53. Determine the miller indices for a plane when the intercepts along the axes are 2a, 3b, & 2c.
54. Define space lattice for a crystal.
55. Define gold number.
56. Write chemical equation for preparation of sulphur sol & silver sol.
57. Discuss pseudo order reaction with examples.
58. Discuss the correction due to volume of a gas molecule, as given by van der Waal.
59. Write one theory for origin of charge on colloidal particles.
60. Lyophilic colloids are stable than lyophobic, Explain.
61. Define molecularity & order of reaction.
62. Show that radioactive decay is first order reaction.
63. Determine a relation for work done in reversible isothermal expansion.

Long answer type (5 - 10 marks each)

- 1) (a) Deduce relation for first order rate expression.
(b) Write few application of colloids.
- 2) (a) Discuss the deviation of real gas from ideal behavior.
(b) Write a note on homogeneous & heterogeneous catalysis.
- 3) Write note on following:
 - (a) Law of crystallography
 - (b) Intermolecular forces in liquids
 - (c) Thermodynamic system
- 4) (a) Write note on activation energy & energy barrier.
(b) How is order of reaction determined by differential method ?
- 5) Write short notes on :
 - (a) types of catalyst with example
 - (b) Colloids & their classification
 - (c) Cubic Unit cell
- 6) (a) Derive values of critical constants in term of a , b & R .
(b) Describe simple method for determination of viscosity.
- 7) Explain the following:
 - (a) Heat of combustion
 - (b) Law of crystallography
 - (c) Parachor
- 8) (a) Describe protective action in colloids with suitable examples.
(b) Prove that for a first order reaction the half-life period is independent of initial concentration.
- 9) (a) Write note on Joule Thomson effect.

- (b) Describe half life period method for determining order of reaction.
- 10) (a) Describe X - Ray diffraction by the crystal.
(b) Write note on liquifaction of gases.
- 11) (a) Describe in detail the law of corresponding states. What is it's physical significance?
(b) Draw crystal structure of CsCl and explain it.
- 12) (a) Describe bond dissociation energy in detail.
(b) The heat of sublimation of carbon (graphite) is 716 KJ / mol. If the bond energies of H—H, C—H, C—C bonds are 436, 414, 348 KJ / mol respectively. Calculate heat of formation of ethane.
- 13) (a) Describe all methods for determination of order of reaction.
(b) Describe the radioactive decay.
- 14) (a) Calculate R.M.S velocity as well as average velocity of chlorine gas molecule at 12°C.
(b) Calculate Miller Indices of crystal planes for which intercept along the axis are:
(i) (a, b, c) (ii) (1/2, 2/3b, ∞ c)
- 15) (a) Discuss Arrhenius equation for temperature dependence on reaction rates. How activation energy can be determined using this method?
(b) If the value of rate constants for a reaction at 427K & 527K are 2.0 & 32.0 sec⁻¹
Calculate the activation energy for this reaction.
- 16) (a) What is effect of temperature on distribution of molecular velocities.
(b) How will you measure the surface tension of a liquid by capillary rise method?

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